

10/255



June 7, 2023



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Today's Presenters



Brad Raine, MS

MVC Analyst

Hari Nathan, MD, PhD

MVC Director

Housekeeping

Recording

• This session is being recorded; slides and the recording will be shared with attendees.

Questions

• We will be monitoring the chat throughout the presentation so feel free to add questions there any time.

Agenda

- Report walkthrough (Brad)
- Report Q&A (MVC team)
- How to use your report's data (Hari)



Why Do We Care?

In low-risk surgery, routine testing

- does not improve patient outcomes
- causes treatment delays and cascade effects
- costs the U.S. an estimated \$85.2 million annually

Medical societies and literature recommend against this practice.



An initiative of the ABIM Foundation

Choosing Wisely

<u>Choosing Wisely</u> has assembled hundreds of clinical recommendations that aim to reduce unnecessary testing, are supported by evidence, are free from harm, and are truly necessary.

Of these recommendations, Choosing Wisely has a top 12 list, which includes guidelines for preoperative testing in patients scheduled to undergo low- and/or intermediate-risk non-cardiac surgery.

They are based on the recommendations put forth by the following professional societies:

- American Academy of Ophthalmology
- American College of Physicians
- American College of Radiology
- American College of Surgeons
- American Society of Anesthesiologists
- American Society for Clinical Pathology
- American Society of Echocardiography and
- Society of Thoracic Surgeons

Preoperative Testing Cohort

- MVC-defined Cholecystecomy, Inguinal Hernia Repair, and Lumpectomy episodes
- Only laparoscopic episodes are included in this cohort (Cholecystecomy episodes with a CPT code of 47562, Inguinal Hernia Repair episodes with a CPT code of 49650, or Lumpectomy episodes with a CPT code of 19301, on either a facility or a professional claim)
- Episodes are only included if they occurred in the outpatient setting, did not have a claim from the Emergency Department, and if the length of stay of the index claim was between 0 and 2 days



Report Walkthrough

Brad Raine, MS, MVC Analyst





What questions do you have about the report?



Leveraging Your Data

How can sites take action?

Sample Next Steps

Data and clinical feedback are valuable tools in the QI process Gather data on your patients to establish a baseline: is your testing rate too high?

Discuss results with a multidisciplinary team (surgeons, anesthetists, preop clinic, PCPs): what drives testing in your patients?

Make a plan to follow up and measure progress at multiple timepoints throughout the project period



Create Data-Driven Counterarguments

Common Points of Resistance or Myths about Preoperative Testing

- "It's better to be safe than sorry."
- "I don't want my case to get canceled."
- "I don't see any benefits to this."
- "There's no harm in ordering these tests."
- "Everybody orders these tests."

De-Implementation Barriers

- Gathering good data and clinical feedback
- Provider habits
- Conflicting EMR processes

Provider Education

MPROVE Waive the Workup: Reducing Low-Value...

Home Background Decision Aid Myth Busting FAQ C

SAFETY FIRST

"It's better to be safe than sorry."

FACT: If a healthy patient is undergoing a low-risk surgery, evidence shows that preoperative tests **do not** improve surgical safety outcomes for the patient and/or alter the surgical plan for the day of surgery.



Common Myths about Pre-Op Testing

"I don't want my case to get canceled."

FACT: It's common for surgeons and/or other providers to order tests to avoid potential conflict with other providers on the case, even when they themselves do not see the merit in testing. Furthermore,

anesthesiologists are commonly considered the gatekeepers of canceled cases for preoperative testing; however, in one study, anesthesiologists ordered the least amount of pre-op tests compared to surgeons.



"I don't see any benefits to this."

FAGT: There are multiple benefits to reducing preoperative tests not only for the patient, but also for the clinician. Studies have shown reducing preoperative testing reduced time spent reviewing, documenting, and explaining test results that add no value and dork timpact a decision regarding procedure.

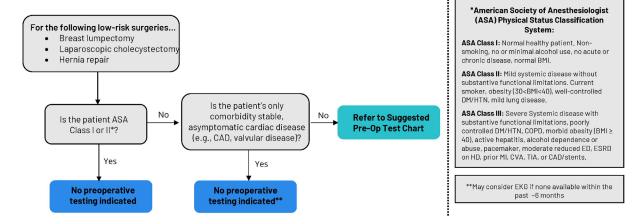
NEW RESOURCE WEBSITE Supported by MSQC, MPrOVE, & MVC

https://sites.google.com/umich.edu/waivetheworkupmichigan/home

Decision Aid



Pre-Op Testing Decision Aid for Low-Risk Surgeries



All recommendations in this document pertain to non-pregnant, adult patients undergoing low-risk procedures. They do not replace clinical judgment and are intended as guidance only.

Preop Testing Chart

Insert your hospital logo here



Suggested Pre-Op Tests for Patients Undergoing Low-Risk Surgery Who Are ASA III or Above This chart does not replace clinical judgment and is intended as guidance only

	CBC	T&S	BMP	LFTs	INR/PT/PTT	EKG	CXR
History of anemia, thrombocytopenia							
Cardiovascular disease							
Anticoagulant use or history of bleeding disorder							
DM/major endocrine disease, prior electrolyte abnormalities, use of diuretics, antiarrhythmics, ACE/ARB							
Kidney disease							
Liver disease or risk of malnutrition							
Age≥70, peripheral/cerebral vascular disease, cardiac risk factors, new cardiac symptoms							
Existing cardiopulmonary disease (without CXR in past 6 mo), poor exercise tolerance (<4 metabolic equivalents), thoracic surgery							
	CBC: Complete blood count T&S: Type and screen BMP: Basic metabolic panel		Ts: Liver function tests R: International normaliz I: Prothrombin time	ed ratio EKG: Elec	al thromboplastic time trocardiogram t radiography	ACE: Angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors ARB: Angiotensin receptor blocker	

References:

- Mocon A, McRitchie D, Tharani A. Drop the Pre-Op: A toolkit for reducing unnecessary visits and investigations in pre-operative clinics. Ontario, CA. 2019.
- Chow, W. B., Rosenthal, R. A., Merkow, R. P., Ko, C. Y., & Esnaola, N. F. (2012). Optimal preoperative assessment of the geriatric surgical patient: a best practices guideline from the American College of Surgeons National Surgical Quality Improvement Program and the American Geriatrics Society. Journal of the American College of Surgeons, 215(4), 453–466.
- National Guideline Centre (UK). Preoperative Tests (Update): Routine Preoperative Tests for Elective Surgery. London: National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE); 2016 Apr. (NICE Guideline, No. 45.) Acknowledgements.

Peer Support



Upcoming Events

- Preoperative Testing Workgroup,
 August 1, 1 2 p.m.
 Presenter: Nick Berlin, MD, MPH, MS
 To register: <u>https://umich.zoom.us/j/93811796828</u>
- Preoperative Testing Workgroup, October 26, 11 a.m. – 12 p.m. Topic: Roundtable Shareout from YOU To register: <u>https://umich.zoom.us/j/93037915704</u>

Thank you!

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