

Intraoperative Management of Frail Patient Checklist

- Use of previously discussed anesthetic technique
- Consider regional blocks and anesthetics if appropriate
- PONV risk stratification and prevention strategies
- Appropriate positioning/padding to avoid pressure ulcers and nerve damage
- Monitoring core temperature if surgery is >30 minutes
- Use of warming blankets/warm IV fluids if needed to prevent hypothermia
- Appropriate use of IV fluids intraoperatively
- Monitoring and management of hemodynamic markers per patient condition and procedure
- Continuation of indicated cardiac medications
- Avoid use of intermediate and long-acting neuromuscular blocking agents when possible
- If neuromuscular blockade is needed ensure full recovery prior to extubating